WASH in HMIS: Limitations and opportunities

Dr. Peter Harvey

Regional WASH Adviser
UNICEF Eastern & Southern
Africa

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Scope of presentation

- Lessons from WASH in schools
- >HMIS WASH indicators
- >Status of WASH in HCFs in ESAR
- >HMIS WASH-related health indicators
- > Recommendations and way forward



WASH in schools



Is WASH included in the EMIS?

16 out of 21 countries include WASH in the EMIS

Only 7 countries have data on *handwashing facilities*

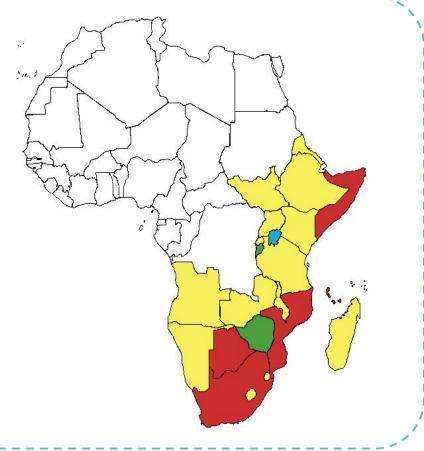
Only 2 countries consider facility *conditions*

Yes, including conditions

Yes, but not conditions

No, WASH is not included

Not in the ESAR



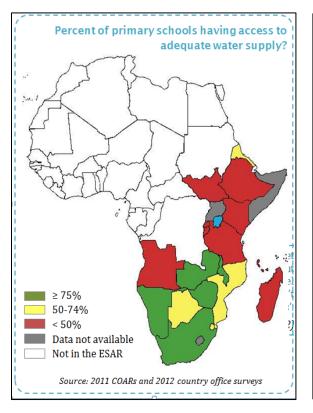


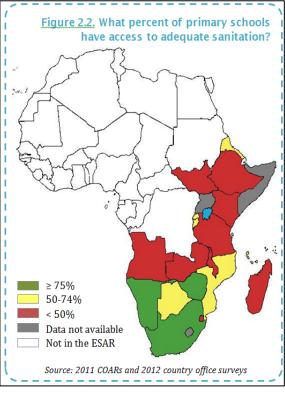
WASH in schools

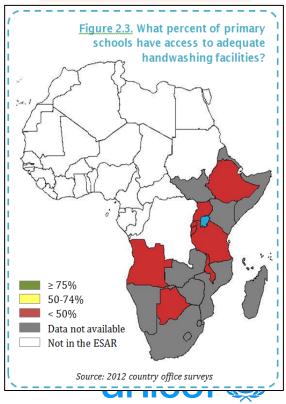
On average,
53% of schools
have
"adequate"
water supply

On average,
45% of schools
have
"adequate"
sanitation

On average,
13% of schools
have
"adequate"
handwashing
facilities

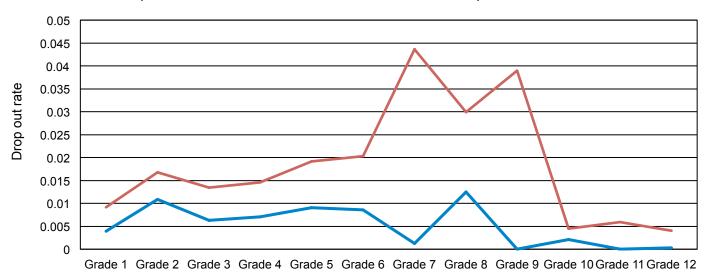




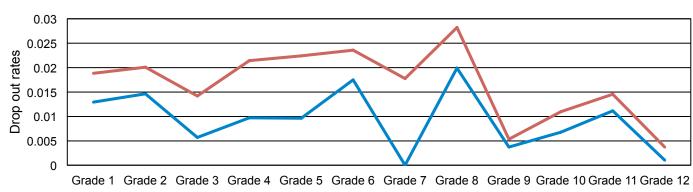


Evidence-based advocacy

Drop out rate in schools with 100 or more students per toilet, Zambia



Drop out rates in schools with 20 or less students per toilet, Zambia



HMIS WASH indicators

'Of the 68 national HMIS surveys included in the WHO Health Metrics network, none of the data sets or reports included WASH in health care facility indicators.'

Table 2. Definition of WASH in health care facilities

WASH element	Definition
Water	Presence of a water source or water supply in or near (within 500 m) the facility for use for drinking, personal hygiene, medical activities, cleaning, laundry and cooking. Does not consider safety, continuity or quantity.
Sanitation	Presence of latrines or toilets within the facility. Does not consider functionality or accessibility (e.g. for small children or the disabled).
Hygiene	Availability of handwashing stations with soap or alcohol based hand rubs within the facility.

Water, sanitation and hygiene in health care facilities

Status in low- and middle-income countries and way forward





WASH in healthcare facilities



Is WASH included in the HMIS?

At least 7 out of 21 countries include WASH in the HMIS or national census

No data on handwashing facilities but availability of soap included in some

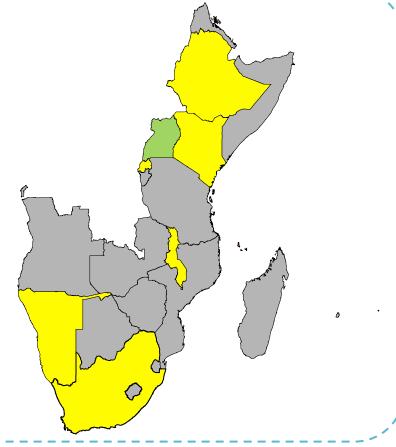
Most countries do not consider facility conditions

Yes, including conditions

Yes, but not including conditions

No, WASH is not included

Note: Information not complete for some countries





HMIS WASH facility-specific indicators

WATER SUPPLY INDICATORS

Source of water (Y/N)

Type of water source (Specify: Piped water system; protected springs/dugwells; unprotected springs/dugwells; tubewells/boreholes; public taps/standpipes; rainwater harvesting; water trucks; surface water)

Water storage facilities (Y/N)

(Specify: Overground/underground tanks; buckets/pots)

SANITATION INDICATORS

Availability of toilets (Y/N)

Number of toilets

Toilet type (Specify: Pit, flush etc.)

HYGIENE INDICATORS

Availability of soap, disinfectant etc.

Availability of waste disposal equipment (including menstrual hygiene)

Availability of sterilization equipment





HMIS FORM 101: HEALTH UNIT PHYSICAL INVENTORY

Page 1

Date of Inventory		Page _	0	f pages In-Char	ge Name Title _	Signature	
Witness Name				Title		Signature	
1. GENERAL INFORMATION							
1. Health Facility Inventory							
Name of Unit/Health Unit Code							
Level (Circle appropriate)	II	III	IV	GENERAL HOSPITAL	REGIONAL REFFERAL HOSPITAL	NATIONAL REFERRAL HOSPITAL	
Ownership							
District							
HSD							
Sub-County							
Parish							
Availability of a health facility land title							
Ownership Key: A = GoU, B = PNFP, C = Private (Health Provider) Availability of land title: PUT YES/NO							
2. WATER AND SANITATION FOR THE HEALTH UNIT							
2.1 Water Supply that the Health Unit depends on: 2.2 Sanitation facilities							

		Distance	
Water Source	Availability	from unit (km)	Condition
Unprotected spring			
2. Protected Spring			
3. Borehole			
4. Piped			
Rainwater harvesting			

Facility	Availability	Number	Condition
Pit Latrine Stances/Staff			
2. Pit Latrines Stances /Patients			
3. Medical waste pit			
4. Placenta pit			
5. Rubbish pit			
6. Incinerator			
7. Water borne toilets			
Hand washing facilities next to the toilets/ latrines for the Health Unit			

Availability Key: 1 = Available, 0 = Not Available

Condition Key: A; Functional and in good condition, B: Functional but needs repair, C: Not functional but repairable D: Not functional and not repairable

Health Management Information System, Health Unit Procedure Manual (August, 2010)

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WASH™HEALTH CARE FACILITIES

Global action to provide universal access by 2030

Recommended core indicators

functional at the time of visit.

Home Advocacy & Policy

Monitoring

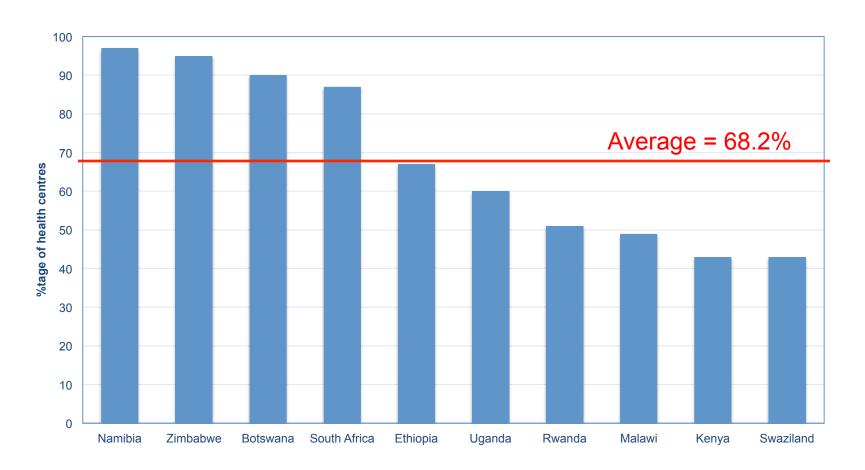
Evidence & Researc

Standards & Facilities

- 1: The proportion of health care facilities with basic water supply facilities Facilities where the main source of water from an improved source located on premises that is
- 2: The proportion of health care facilities with basic sanitation facilities
 Facilities with improved sanitation facilities located on premises that are functional at the time of
 visit, gender-separated and accessible to people with limited mobility, with handwashing facilities
 including a basin with soap and water, and with disposal bins for of menstrual hygiene materials
 (women/girls toilets only).
- 3: The proportion of health care facilities with basic handwashing facilities Facilities with handwashing facilities located within the outpatient area, including a basin with water and soap or alcohol-based hand rubs.
- 4: The proportion of health care facilities practicing basic cleaning routines Facilities where all toilets and floors are cleaned at least once per day.
- 5: The proportion of health care facilities practicing basic solid waste management.

Facilities where health care wastes are segregated into at least three groups (general waste, infectious waste, sharps waste) and collected separately in well-marked and covered bins, and where an incinerator or other appropriate treatment method is available and functioning on the day of visit.

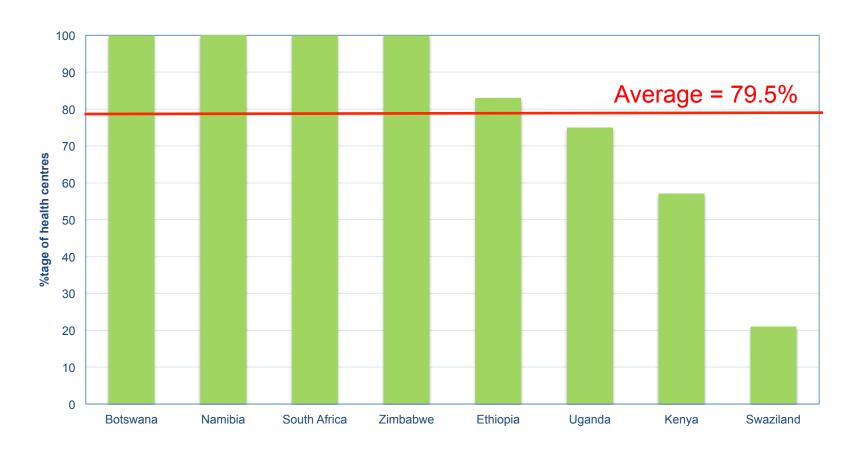
'Adequate' water supply



Data sources: HMIS and national censuses or surveys

Unicef

'Adequate' sanitation



Data sources: HMIS and national censuses or surveys

Unicef

HMIS: WASH-related health indicators

- Most indicators relate to reported cases
 - diarrhoea, cholera, trachoma, schistosomiasis etc.
- Very few in-facility indicators
 - Direct and indirect causes of maternal deaths in health facility (Kenya)
 - Causes of prenatal deaths in health facility (Kenya)
 - Proportion of deaths in health facility (Kenya)
 - Avoidable factors for neonatal deaths in health facility (Rwanda)
 - Birth and prenatal deaths in health facility (Rwanda)
- HCAI not included in general



Recommendations

- Finalise core WiHCF indicators and questions
- Advocate for inclusion of core WiHCF indicators in national HMIS systems
- Apply the findings of operational research on the burden and causes of HCAI relating to WASH to identify key health indicators for the inclusion within HMIS
- Further explore possible HMIS analyses for advocacy purposes

