WASH in Health Care Facilities SWSC Phase 3



Naing Aung | Terre des hommes; John Brogan | Helvetas Infosession | 30/31 July 2020, Skype



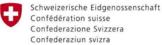








With support from





WASH FIT Experience of Terre des hommes in Myanmar

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WASH FIT Workshop, Yangon, August 2019 | © Terre des hommes



Project Overview

- Hlaing Thayar Township (Peri-urban)
- ~ 1 Million population
- 2019 -2020
- 7 primary HCFs (2 urban health centers, 1 rural health center & 4 sub rural health centers)
- Close collaboration with Township Health Department & technical guidance from YCDC*)
- Soft components WASH FIT, TEACH CLEAN
- Hard components –
 WASH infra development

WASH FIT Journey

2020

Implemented WASH FIT through March 2020 (COVID: Distributed PPE with support from SWSC; limited infrastructure functionality visits with MoH)

August 2019

lune

2019



Introducing WASH FIT with authorities

Contextualisation workshop





Trained project staff on WASH FIT





Studied WASH FIT guide to design approach for Myanmar team



March 2019



Introduction to WASH FIT via Webinar (WHO, Tdh)

Swiss Water & Sanitation Consortium





Introducing WASH FIT with authorities

Contextualisation workshop

WASH FIT Introduction and advocacy meetings

- 1. National level WASH division under Ministry of Health & Sport
- 2. Yangon Region WASH focal point authority
- 3. Township Heath Department (Medical Officer & HCF In charges)
- 4. Township level (YCDC) WASH focal point authority

These four steps led to the approval for organization of a workshop with representatives of the stakeholders mentioned above to review WASH FIT and contextualize the indicators



Following Contextualization of WASH FIT

- Established WASH committees at HCF level
 (Not new! From existing HCF committees—some members formed sub groups for WASH)
- Organized WASH FIT training for WASH committee members
- WASH Committee members reviewed the indicators, did assessments and analyzed the risks/hazards
- Recorded and documented the works & findings of WASH assessment & analysis of risks in HCFs
- Prioritized Tasks and developed WASH Improvement Plans for HCFs (Collective exercise)
- Responsibilities for Improvement Plan shared between WASH committees, Township Health Department & Terre des hommes
- Implemented the activities as per Improvement Plans
- Quarterly monitoring and supervision by Township Health Department & Reviewed by WASH committees



Results attributed to Tdh using WASH FIT to improve conditions in HCF



HCFs have developed WASH improvement plan



Most of HCFs improved WASH services



WASH fund established in 3 HCFs



Improved community engagement in WASH



Committee improved knowledge on WASH practices

7 HCFs

Developed
 Improvement Plan
 per findings &
 priorities of each
 HCF

Shared tasks & responsibilities
 (Township health Dept., HCF committees & Tdh)

- 2 urban health centers (Primary & Secondary Health Centers)

- 1 rural health center (Yay Oak Kan)

- 2 sub rural health centers (Shwe Lin Pan & 18 SRHC) - Secondary urban health center (200,000 MMK/150USD)

- Kalargyisu SRHC (100,000 MMK/75USD)

- Shwe Lin Pan SRHC – (170,000 MMK / 125USD) - WASH committee members lead/help in cleaning of latrines & HCF envrionment, repair basin & pipelines

Sites selectionHelp involved &

monitoring on construction

- Minimum standards on WASH in HCFs

 Core functions of WASH domains

- O & M measures for WASH infrastructure

Hand hygiene



Change in service levels (FACET surveys)



Most of HCFs improved WASH services from Baseline to Midline (From No Service to Limited Service, or up to Basic Service)

			BAS	ELINE SURVE	Y (H	TY)			
	WATER		SANIT	SANITATION		HAND HYGIENE		WASTE MANAGEMENT	
Basic	7	100%	0	0%		3	43%	0	0%
Limited	0	0%	6	86%		2	29%	4	57%
No service	0	0%	1	14%		2	29%	3	43%

			МІ	DLINE SURVE	Ү (НТ	Y)			
	WATER		SANI	SANITATION		HAND HYGIENE		WASTE MANAGEMENT	
Basic	7	100%	1	14%		6	86%	3	43%
Limited	0	0%	6	86%		1	14%	4	57%
No service	0	0%	0	0%		0	0%	0	0%