







Today's agenda

Welcome and moderation (Bruce Gordon)	(2 min)
 Setting the scene - joined up WASH and health actions (Ann Thomas) 	(5 min)
 Overview of Framework and Implementation (Maggie Montgomery) 	(10 min)
Facilitated discussion (Bruce Gordon)	(30 min)
Closing remarks (Bruce Gordon)	(5 min)

A new phase needs a new plan

- May 2023: last report back to WHA on the 2019 Resolution
- June 2023: Global progress report and Global Summit outlines needed actions
- Q4 2023: new UN General Assembly Resolution - continued and expanded UN and Member State engagement and accountability
- A new <u>Global Framework for Action</u> for the next phase to creatively and strategically plan and execute amidst growing threats of climate change, conflict and outbreaks
- The revolution is not over...



World Health Assembly 2019

The Global Framework for Action builds upon the three main recommendations in the Global progress report







Integrate WASH, waste and electricity services into health planning, programming, financing and monitoring at all levels.

and review progress and strengthen accountability.

Regularly monitor

Include in global health strategy monitoring and procurement; Joint sector review and planning UN General Assembly Resolution; Monitoring and review within health systems monitoring Develop and empower the health workforce to deliver and maintain WASH, waste and electricity services, and practice good hygiene.

C

Water, sanitation, hygiene, waste and electricity services in health care facilities: progress on the fundamental:

023 Global Report

World Health

unicef

Develop cadre of WASH, waste and electricity workforce; Clear job descriptions, responsibility and compensation

Download the report: https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240075085

Globally, we still have A LOT to do to address gaps









Global Summit on WASH and electricity in health care facilities (June 2023) informed Framework

- 35 countries; 125 participants, including Ukraine
- **3 main outcomes**: Draft global framework, focused technical areas of effort, renewed WASH/Health commitments
- Country highlights included:
 - National assessments important for engaging leaders and igniting action
 - Emergencies provide an opportunity to fix "old problems", strengthen systems
 - Several health platforms exist for integration: maternal/child health, PHC, AMR, IPC
 - Climate smart health care facility interventions are "no regrets" investments

Download the Summit Report here: https://www.washinhcf.org/resource/gl obal-summit-meeting-report-ammanjordan/



Aims

- Accelerate implementation of universal WASH, waste and electricity services in health care facilities
- Facilitate a universal and collaborative platform for monitoring, accountability, coordination and increased understanding of the situation, challenges, and effective strategies
- Increase political commitment and leadership engagement through policy directives, advocacy integration with key health and climate initiatives
- Accelerate effective implementation through support for costed, national plans, infrastructure improvements and by promoting health workforce development
- Increase effectiveness and sustainability of country and partner investments.

Key focus areas

- Costed, resourced national plans: Global partners to support development, resourcing and implementation of realistic, costed national roadmaps in line with broader health financing and programming efforts
- Integration: Integrate WASH, waste and electricity services into health planning, programming, financing and monitoring at all levels
- Measurement & accountability: Regularly monitor, document and review progress in meeting targets at the local, national, regional and global level; where targets not met, increase political and technical action to accelerate efforts
- Health workforce: Develop and empower sufficient and auxiliary health workforce to deliver and maintain WASH, waste and electricity services, and practise good hygiene
- Climate resilient and low-carbon health care facilities: Strengthen policies, standards and interventions aligned with climate resilient, low-carbon and sustainable health care facilities and health systems

National action targets

Action Baseline (2020) 2022 Target 2026 Target 2030							
Baseline (2020)	2022		Target 2030				
75%	92%	-All countries have set baselines using	-All countries regularly				
		harmonised global indicators/	update status of baseline				
			(every 5 years).				
52%	53% ¹⁶	-All countries have standards which reflect latest	-Updated standards are actively disseminated,				
			implemented, regulated and monitored.				
N/D	63%		-All countries are implementing costed				
			roadmaps with regular, dedicated resourcing.				
		with targets.					
10%	14% ¹⁸	-Half of countries have WASH, waste, and	-All countries regularly review and disseminate				
		electricity indicators in health monitoring	and use WASH, waste and electricity data in				
		information systems (HMIS).	HMIS to inform policy and budgeting decisions.				
11%	12%	-Health care facilities in one third of countries	-Health care facilities in all countries have				
	/.		included regular and sufficient funding for				
			WASH, waste and electricity; budget				
			accountability supported through regular				
		monitoring and reporting.	monitoring and reporting.				
	52% N/D	75% 92% 52% 53% ¹⁶ N/D 63% 10% 14% ¹⁸	75% 92% -All countries have set baselines using harmonised global indicators/ 52% 53% ¹⁶ -All countries have standards which reflect latest evidence and address climate resilience ¹⁷ , low-carbon and sustainable services/health care facilities. N/D 63% -All countries have developed and are working to resource and implement costed roadmaps with targets. 10% 14% ¹⁸ -Half of countries have WASH, waste, and electricity indicators in health monitoring information systems (HMIS). 11% 12% -Health care facilities in one third of countries have included regular and sufficient funding for WASH, waste, and electricity; budget accountability supporting through regular				

Service levels, climate and health targets

2. Service Levels ¹⁹	2.1 Increase services in middle income (MIC) and high- income countries (HIC) globally	Water: 76% Sanitation: ND Hand Hygiene: ND Waste: ND Electricity: ND	Water: 78% Sanitation: ND Hand Hygiene: 51% Waste: ND Electricity: 1 billion people served by health-care facilities with unreliable or no electricity	-All HIC and MIC have universal basic services and national standards and monitoring indicators exist for higher levels of service.	-All HIC and MIC have universal basic and higher levels of service. All health-care facilities have access to reliable electricity.
	2.2 Increase services in least developed countries (LDCs)	Water: 50% Sanitation: 37% Hand Hygiene: ND Waste: 30% Electricity: ND	Water: 53% Sanitation: 21% Hand Hygiene: 32% Waste: 34% Electricity: ND	 60% of health care facilities have basic services. 	 In LDCs, 100% of facilities have basic WASH services and 50% have higher levels of service. All health care facilities have access to reliable electricity.
3.Climate resilience and sustainability	3.1 Improve climate resilience and sustainability of services	ND	83% countries have plans that address climate resilience of WASH, waste and electricity technologies and systems in health care facilities ²⁰	-100% of countries have plans that address climate resilience of WASH technologies and systems in health care facilities.	-100% of countries have plans that address climate resilience of WASH, waste and electricity technologies and systems in health care facilities, and these plans are resourced and implemented.
4. Health engagement	4.1 Integrate into health policies, programming, and monitoring	-WASH, waste and electricity indicators included in Quality of Care Standards for Mothers, Newborns and Children;	-WASH, waste and electricity indicators and monitoring included in PHC framework, IPC Global Strategy, Quality of Care Strategies, health facility and workforce strategies	 -WASH, waste and electricity indicators and data included in monitoring of global health plans, including those on Patient Safety, Infection Prevention and Control, Pandemic Preparedness and Child/Maternal Health. -50% of countries have WASH, waste and electricity targets for health care facilities, which are integrated into national health policies and monitoring. -All major health meetings will consider planning for and/or financing of WASH, waste and electricity services. 	-All countries regularly monitor WASH, waste and electricity services, and report on and budget for services within national health policies that aim to achieve UHC through a PHC-oriented approach.

	Ste	p 1	Step 2	Step 3		Step 4	<u>A 10</u>		
Country	La. C on duct situatio nal analysis	1b. Conduct (baseline) assessment	Set targets and establish coordination mechanism	T.a. E stablis h nation al WASH stan dards	3th. Establish national health care waste stan dards	Improve and main tain Infrastructure	Monitor and review data	Develo p health w	
Angola	2	2	1	1	4	1	ND	2	-
Bangladesh	4	4	4	3	3	4	3	3	
Benin	1	4	2	2	2	1	4	ND	N
Bhutan	3	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	з
Bolivia	4	3	4	3	3	1	1	ND	ND
Brazil	4	3	2	ND	ND	3	3	2	3
Burkina Faso	2	4	3	3	4	3	1	ND	ND
Cambodia	4	3	4	4	4	4	2	ND	ND
Cameroon	3	3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chad	2	1	1	1	3	1	2	2	3
Colombia	2	3	2	4	ND	1	1	2	ND
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2	3	4	4	3	4	3	ND	ND
Equatorial Guinea	3	4	3	3	3	2	1	1	1
Eswatini	2	4	3	3	4	3	2	3	3
Ethiopia	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Gabon	4	2	ND	3	3	1	4	ND	ND
Gambia	1	2	1	4	4	1	1	ND	ND
Ghana	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Guatemala	4	3	3	3	4	1	1	2	7
Guinea	ND	2	3	1	4	3	1	ND	/ 4/
Guinea-Bissau	4	4	3	2	2	3	4	2	
Honduras	4	3	3	3	4	1	1	ND	Γ_
Hungary	4	4	3	4	4	3	3	4	
India	3	2	3	4	4	4	3	NF	,

Monitoring mechanisms



Indicators also embedded in

- Global Action Plan on Infection Prevention and Control
- Primary Health Care Monitoring Framework



Linkages to new UN General Assembly Resolution

- "Sustainable, safe and universal water, sanitation, hygiene waste and electricity services in health care facilities"
- Draws upon commitments made in declaration on human rights, financing for development, UHC, AMR, pandemic preparedness
- Encourages Member States to update standards, engage in cross sectoral efforts (e.g. joint sector reviews), WASH in health monitoring, ensure adequate budgets and support the health workforce
- Commits WHO/UNICEF to regular (every 2 years) reporting to UN General Assembly
- Currently under consultation; likely adoption Nov/Dec 2023

Building on the past, looking ahead

Aim: Every person has quality, essential health care



Suggested improvements from reviewers

- Feedback from 20+ individuals/organizations
- Need better framing of waste (framework now refers to WASH, <u>waste</u> and electricity)
- Limited attention to electricity throughout (limited data, tools, dedicated national actions)
- Missing examples of any success stories has no progress happened?
- Include a "demand-side" component to monitoring and accountability.
- How to capture the issue of government leadership?
- Integration with health: monitoring is well captured in indicators, but policy and programming is lacking
- Request for guidance for WHO/UNICEF COs to operationalize framework (and avoid duplication) at country level

Proposed objectives of Taskforce 2.0

- Provide external strategic review of global and national activities, including review of progress against targets in the Global Framework for Action and UN General Assembly Resolution
- Share and synthesize among members new innovative and effective strategies for increasing and sustaining services
- Targeted advocacy to drive increased financing and implementation of the Global Framework for Action

Draft global workplan and options for Taskforce 2.0 engagement

Area	Link to Global	Activity	Output	Taskforce Role
	Recommendations			
Global coordination	1. Integrate at all	 Develop and disseminate 	-Final Global Plan of	-WG to conduct
and leadership	levels	Global Plan of Action	Action (2024-2030)	consultations and support
				Global Plan update and
				dissemination
				-WG on financing and
				securing additional
				public+private resources
Monitoring	2. Regularly	-JMP monitoring	-JMP report (2024)	-Support interpretation and
	monitor and	-Country tracker update and	-Global progress report (+	dissemination
	review progress	monitoring	tracker data) (2025)	
Country support	3. Empower health	-Review of WASH FIT use,	-Global report on use of	-Engage programmes in
and capacity	workforce	implementation and impact	WASH FIT and	trainings/use of
building		-Update of WASH FIT training	recommendations for	tools/addressing bottlenecks
		package	scale-up and embedding	-Support costing/financing
		-Support for costed roadmaps	and health programmes	efforts
		and implementation		
Global and regional	1.Integrate at all	-UHC or PHC HL Event		-Organize sessions; conduct
events	levels	-COP 29 (2024)		outreach

Thank you. Asante sana. Merci beaucoup. Shkran lak. Dyakuyu. Gracias. Salamat.



Discussion

Content and measurement

- What is missing or needs to be revised?
- How can progress in implementing be best shared and articulated?
- Implementation
 - What will you/your organization do to support implementation?
 - What additional technical and financial support is needed?